

MEAT STRIKE GROWS

Thousands Join Boycott All Over Nation.

BALTIMORE WEARS BUTTON

Petitions in Circulation Gain Miles of Signatures.

LABOR LEADS IN MOVEMENT

Dealers Have Scheme to Kill Their Own Cattle—Restaurant Refuses to Serve Flesh.

Food Boycott in 13 States.

Olio-In Cleveland 50,000 consumers do without meat. At Suburbanville 200 families are on anti-meat strike. Cincinnati club women give up butter. Strike movement under way at Dayton and Columbus.

Missouri—Forty-two St. Louis doctors advise workmen that they can enter meat boycott without danger to health. Kansas City labor unions institute meat strike.

Illinois—Thousands of Chicago workmen will join a movement to eat no meat until March 1.

Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh mill workers call on butchers to cut prices immediately on penalty of customers becoming vegetarians.

Wisconsin—Mass meeting of citizens is called to institute meat boycott and circulate petition.

Kansas—Meat boycotts are announced as flourishing in Atchison, Leavenworth, St. Joseph and Topeka.

Nebraska—The Omaha Central Labor Union, 8,000 strong, starts a meat boycott until prices drop.

Iowa—Anti-meat eating clubs are being formed in Des Moines.

Michigan—Detroit consumers are aroused because prices across the river in Canada are 25 per cent cheaper. They will boycott meat.

Maryland—In Baltimore a meat boycott is in full swing.

Delaware—In Wilmington 1,000 householders have signed a thirty-day meat boycott, encouraged by the fact that a similar move recently lowered the cost of turkey from 45 to 10 cents a pound.

Indiana—Two hundred Jewish families have gone on a strike against the high prices charged by kosher butchers.

Connecticut—The rubber workers of the Naugatuck valley will eat no more butter or eggs until prices become normal.

Protest against the high prices of meat sweeps the nation.

In many cities in at least thirteen states thousands have enrolled themselves in the meat strike. The fight has been taken up by labor unions as well as the family. Petitions in circulation are receiving miles of signatures.

The boycott is assuming colossal proportions. Dealers grow apprehensive.

50,000 Buttons for Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 21.—"I don't buy meat," Do you?

By the end of the week it is calculated that 50,000 persons will be wearing a small celluloid button bearing this inscription on the streets of Baltimore.

Baltimore has gone into the anti-meat boycott, and led by the Federation of Labor, with its 100 affiliated unions, a campaign of rebuke at the high price of meat has been started that Edward Hirsch, president of the federation, says will make itself felt.

An order for 50,000 buttons, as described above, has been placed. These buttons are to be distributed to unions in the city, where they will be given to the members who desire to take the meat boycott pledge.

At the meeting of the Federation of Labor George Rollman, in a spirited speech, offered a resolution calling upon all unions to enter a protest against the high price of meat by abstaining from eating meat of any kind for a period of one month.

There are 40,000 persons affiliated with the federation. Mr. Hirsch believes that the majority of these gladly would join in the movement.

John Curley, who represents here the four unions of painters, has pledged that 75 per cent of the membership will join in the movement and will do all they can to make the rebuke to the trust one long to be remembered.

Richmond May Bar Trust.

RICHMOND, Va., January 12.—Local dealers in meat, or at least those who do not slaughter their own cattle, are about to join their brethren in other cities and boycott the so-called meat trust.

The question of slaughtering all beef sold in the city right here has been discussed. How far the plans have matured could not be determined.

A. J. Warren, probably the biggest customer of the trust locally, declared that the trust was running things in a high-handed manner and that the dealers could not stand the pressure.

"As matters stand," he said, "we are paying the highest kind of prices for our supplies and have to take what is given us. I have spoken to a number of dealers here and all of them are with me in my fight."

Wilmington Butchers Alarmed.

WILMINGTON, Del., January 12.—One

Happy, Happy, Use TIZ

A Marvel For Sore Feet. Acts Right Off.

SOFT FEET? NEVER AFTER USING TIZ.

Good-bye, sore feet, aching feet, swollen feet, aching feet, swollen feet, swollen feet, swollen feet.

Good-bye, corns, calluses and bunions and raw spots.

You've never tried anything like TIZ before for your feet. It is different from anything ever before used.

It acts at once and makes the feet feel remarkably fresh and cool.

TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog up the pores. TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does.

TIZ cleans out every pore and glorifies the feet.

You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and forget about your corns, bunions and calluses. You'll feel like a new person.

If you don't find all this true after trying a box of TIZ you can get your money right back.

For sale at all drug stores at 25 cents a box, or it will be sent you direct if you wish from Walter Luderbode & Co., Dodge

Chicago, Ill. Recommended and sold by O'Donnell's Drug Store.

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Sole Agents Star Shirts.

Sole Agents Karlton Hats.

Sole Agents STAR SHIRTS. Sole Agents KARLTON HATS.

Pre-Inventor Sale of Our Entire Stock of Men's Fancy Mixed Winter Suits At Greatly Reduced Prices.

We've assembled the entire stock of Men's Winter Weight Fancy Mixed Suits and revised prices down to the quick clearance point.

\$38, \$40 & \$45 Fancy Suits, now = \$31.75
\$32.50 and \$35 Fancy Suits, now = \$24.75
\$25, \$28 & \$30 Fancy Suits, now = \$20.75
\$20 and \$22.50 Fancy Suits, now = \$15.75
\$15 and \$18.00 Fancy Suits, now = \$10.75
\$10 and \$12.50 Fancy Suits, now = \$8.75

Pre-Inventor Sale of All Small Lots of Men's Winter Overcoats At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Overcoats in plain and fancy fabrics—Overcoats with regular and convertible collars—all priced extraordinarily low for clearance.

\$12.50 Overcoats for . \$9.50 **\$28.00 Overcoats for . \$22.50**
\$15.00 Overcoats for . \$11.50 **\$30.00 Overcoats for . \$24.50**
\$18.00 Overcoats for . \$13.50 **\$35.00 Overcoats for . \$28.50**
\$20.00 Overcoats for . \$16.50 **\$40.00 Overcoats for . \$30.50**
\$25.00 Overcoats for . \$19.50

Saks & Company

Pennsylvania Avenue.

Seventh Street.

thousand Wilmington families did without meat yesterday and enjoyed it. They are under pledge to eat no meat until the price lowers.

Several hundred others joined today. City Judge Edwin T. Cochran, Jr., who started the crusade, is confident of the movement's ultimate success. He will then begin a fight against the egg and butter dealers, if they do not take warning from the butchers.

The menu of the meat boycotters consists of fish, oysters, eggs, vegetables and wild duck, which is cheap; at this point. If the unusual demand should raise the price of duck, the strikers will cut that out. The butchers are greatly alarmed.

Little Interest in New York.

NEW YORK, January 21.—As far as could be learned yesterday it will be some time before New York joins the "meat strike," if it joins at all. At least the meat dealers do not expect any trouble and organized labor so far seems indifferent.

A representative of the Wholesale Butchers' Association said:

"In a city the size of New York half the people would have to quit eating meat before anything in the line of 'strike' could affect present prices. And if any one thinks the present price of meat is high, let him try to get half a pound of meat for the price of a whole one."

"And if a strike were organized would the kind of people who eat only the best join in? I think not. New York will have to be a different place from the place it is before a meat strike will go here."

At the rooms of the American Federation of Labor a reporter found interest in the meat strike at last night. One who said he spoke for the organization said that New York had received no call for help from the meat strikers in the west and that if it did all it could do would be to advise local labor men to refrain from meat.

The federation possesses no power to dictate the kind of food its members should eat.

Check on Cold Storage.

ALBANY, January 21.—The sale of fish, game, poultry, butter, cheese or other articles to produce that have been kept in cold storage more than sixty days is made a misdemeanor in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Lachman of Kings.

Boston Is Curtailing.

BOSTON, January 21.—Though no formal boycott has yet been instituted in Boston against meats and other foodstuffs that are under the spell of high prices, it is learned that sentiment is setting strongly that way.

It is given considerable impetus by the crusade started in Brockton by the shoe workers. The joint shoe council of that city, with which are affiliated thirteen other unions, has a membership of 14,000, has started a movement against what it terms "the exorbitant price of food."

The matter will be introduced into the Central Labor Union next Wednesday night, and it is planned to enlist every labor organization and fraternal society in Brockton in the movement, which is expected to spread rapidly through New England.

Those who advocate "no meat clubs" in this city suggest that a great mass meeting of citizens be called to launch the movement.

In Quincy and Panell Hall markets there is general uneasiness among the meat and provision dealers. They said the public is curtailing its purchases.

The small dealers are unanimous in declaring that the trusts control the price of meat, while the representative of one of the largest beef concerns in Boston asserts that his firm is only making 3 per cent gross profit, while the retailers were making 36.

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